VZCZCXRO9818 PP RUEHLMC DE RUEHLP #0587 0651941 ZNY CCCCC ZZH P 061941Z MAR 06 FM AMEMBASSY LA PAZ TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 8315 INFO RUEHAC/AMEMBASSY ASUNCION 5645 RUEHBO/AMEMBASSY BOGOTA 2912 RUEHBR/AMEMBASSY BRASILIA 6783 RUEHBU/AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES 4016 RUEHCV/AMEMBASSY CARACAS 1350 RUEHPE/AMEMBASSY LIMA 1255 RUEHMN/AMEMBASSY MONTEVIDEO 3598 RUEHQT/AMEMBASSY QUITO 3985 RUEHSG/AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO 8506 RHMFISS/HQ USSOUTHCOM MIAMI FL RUMIAAA/USCINCSO MIAMI FL RUEHLMC/MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORP RHEBAAA/DEPT OF ENERGY WASHINGTON DC RUEATRS/DEPT OF TREASURY WASHINGTON DC RHEHNSC/NSC WASHINGTON DC

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SIPDIS

E.O. 12958: DECL: 03/03/2016 TAGS: ECON PGOV PREL SNAR SOCI BL SUBJECT: DISSENT IN EVO'S RANKS

Classified By: Amb. David N. Greenlee for reasons 1.4 (b) and (d).

- 11. (C) Giovanny Hervas, a social sector leader from the altiplano, told poloff on March 2 that there is a growing discontent among his peers with the Morales government. Hervas, who is associated with the Fejuve of El Alto (and will soon run for the presidency of that organization), the Yungas cocaleros and the Rural Workers Federation, said he wants to work with the Embassy on issues of common interest against the MAS government.
- ¶2. (C) Hervas stated unequivocally that his organizations "aren't behind Morales." He criticized Morales' proposal to depenalize coca beyond the current legal limits, stating that such an effort will increase competition for the traditional coca growers in the Yungas and bring down the price of the leaf. Hervas spoke with disdain about the MAS proposal for the Constituent Assembly (CA) because it fails to represent the indigenous or social sectors. He had similar criticisms of MAS threats to mobilize protests if Congress doesn't pass the CA enabling legislation, saying that "we don't want blockades." Hervas also expressed concern about Morales' cabinet, saying that they lack experience and vision.
- 13. (C) Comment: Hervas is associated with traditionally confrontational organizations from the altiplano which typically support President Morales. It is no small thing that his organizations are now beginning to express dissent. These concerns are being echoed in varying degrees by a number of social sector and indigenous contacts. Morales' ability to manage the reactions of these groups—his supposed allies—will be key to the medium—to—long—term success of his government. Regardless of our policy direction in Bolivia, working more closely with these social sector representatives on a wide range of issues seems most beneficial to USG interests. End comment.